Q-MP2-OS: A new approach to correlation using quadrature

G.M.J. Barca^a, S.C. McKenzie^b, N.J. Bloomfield^b, A.T.B. Gilbert^b and <u>P.M.W. Gill^b</u>

^aResearch School of Computer Science, Australian National University, Canberra, Australia, ^bResearch School of Chemistry, Australian National University, Canberra, Australia peter.gill@anu.edu.au

As computational hardware becomes ever more massively parallel, quantum chemical methods and their underpinning implementations must evolve. In this lecture, I will present a novel algorithm [1] for the computation of the opposite-spin (OS) MP2 correlation energy, which is well suited to large-scale parallelization.

The method combines deterministic numerical quadratures and screening techniques, and entirely avoids the computation of any two-electron integrals. Speedup, scaling and accuracy results for a variety of molecules and reactions reveal that the new algorithm achieves 1 kcal/mol accuracy with almost perfect parallelizability (Fig. 1) and a computational cost which grows only quadratically with system size.

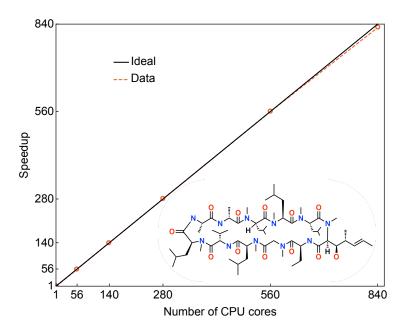


Figure 1: Speedup curve for Q-MP2-OS/6-31G* on cyclosporine.

References

1. GMJ Barca, SC McKenzie, NJ Bloomfield, ATB Gilbert and PMW Gill, submitted.